Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2013

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Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Board of Health San Juan Basin Health Department Durango, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of San Juan Basin Health Department as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise SJBHD's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major funds of San Juan Basin Health Department, as of December 31, 2013 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other-Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise San Juan Basin Health Department's financial statements as a whole. The other supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2013, on our consideration of SJBHD's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering SJBHD's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Littleton, Colorado

Hayrie & Co

July 24, 2014

Introduction

San Juan Basin Health Department (SJBHD) is a Colorado district health department serving La Plata and Archuleta Counties, as well as contracting to serve other surrounding counties. The governing board (the Board of Health) of SJBHD is made up of one representative County Commissioner from each member county and five non-elected members (three from La Plata County and two from Archuleta County).

Operations Highlights

SJBHD is legally mandated to meet Public Health and Environment Minimum Quality Standards and Core Public Health Services as defined in the Colorado Public Health Act of 2008, C.R.S 25-1-501 et seq. Variations in revenue from fees, grants and contracts is an on-going challenge for meeting these. Mandated State and County funding is needed to meet requirements. In addition SJBH seeks additional support from other fun\ding sources including local governments, agencies, foundations, etc.

In accordance with Colorado Public Health Act of 2008, C.R.S 25-1-501, San Juan Basin Health provides Core Public Health Services in the areas of:

- Vital Statistics provides birth and death certificates
- Communicable Disease monitoring, investigating, and treatment of communicable disease issues
- Emergency Preparedness prepares for emergencies with public or environmental health implications
- Environmental Health work includes protecting air, water, land, and food quality
- Prevention and Wellness programs include clinics (dental, family planning, and immunizations), health policy programs, youth substance abuse initiatives, Nurse Family Partnership, Women, Infants and Children (WIC), Options for Long term Care, worksite wellness, and a variety of care coordination programs.
- Administration and Governance provides the needed infrastructure and guidance to the organization to allow it to carry out the other core services
- Assessment and Planning Board of Health approved a five-year public health improvement plan to work on obesity, access to care, and to enhance the capacity of the organization in assessment and planning. A part time health planner was hired January 2014 but more capacity is needed to support this area.

Financial Highlights

Decrease in cash and cash equivalents by \$113,492, or 14%.

Increase in net position of \$382,190, in comparison to an increase in net position in 2012 of \$214,392.

• Consistent level of revenues with a slight decrease of \$58,842, or 1.17%, compared to 2012. Some grant programs ended while others were new for SJBHD in 2013.

(Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to SJBHD's basic financial statements. SJBHD's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 and consists of (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to financial statements.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the presentation of prior year numbers in this discussion and analysis. Prior year net assets and changes in net assets were unaffected by this reclassification.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of SJBHD's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of SJBHD's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of SJBHD is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how SJBHD's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as an underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. SJBHD, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of unrestricted resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

(Continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Condensed Statement of Net Position

SJBHD's net position is the difference between its assets and liabilities reported in the statement of net assets. SJBHD's net position increased by \$382,190, or 18%, to \$2,510,892 in 2013 over 2012.

Table 1: Condensed Statement of Net Position

December 31,	2013	2012
ASSETS		
Current assets	\$ 1,637,948	\$ 1,509,860
Capital assets, net	1,548,600	1,620,219
Total assets	3,186,548	3,130,079
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	675,656	896,962
Long-term liabilities	<u>-</u>	104,415
Total liabilities	675,656	1,001,377
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	1,445,200	1,372,265
Restricted for debt service	51,700	58,515
Restricted	115,974	-
Unrestricted	898,018	679,922
Total net position	\$ 2,510,892	\$ 2,128,702

The remaining lease obligation of \$103,400 is due in 2014 and is reflected as a current liability.

Restricted for debt service will continue to decrease until the final debt payment in made.

Restricted relates to one-time contributions from LaPlata and Archuleta Counties to fund capital improvements and fleet operations.

(Continued)

Condensed Statement of Activities

Changes in SJBHD's revenues and expenses for 2013 which lead to the increase in net position of \$382,190 are show in Table 2.

Table 2: Condensed Statement of Activities

December 31,	2013	2012
Revenues		
Program		
Charges for services	\$ 1,058,658	\$ 1,452,850
Operating contracts, grants and contributions	3,857,787	3,493,171
General		
Interest	918	1,288
Miscellaneous	48,301	70,494
Total revenues	4,965,664	5,017,803
Program Expenses		
Public health	4,583,474	4,803,411
Change in Net Position	382,190	214,392
Net Position Beginning of Year	2,128,702	1,914,310
Net Position End of Year	\$ 2,510,892	\$ 2,128,702

Revenues for 2013 were consistent with the prior year, with an overall decrease of \$52,139 or 1%. Expenses decreased \$219,937 or 5% compared to 2012. The decrease in expenses is due primarily to reduced personnel expense from unfilled key positions.

Governmental Fund Financial Analysis

The focus of SJBHD's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing SJBHD's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

(Continued)

As of December 31, 2013, SJBHD's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,207,854, and increase of \$338,802 or 39%, in comparison to the prior year. The increase is due to a reduction in payroll and other costs during the year as well as one-time contributions of \$115,974 from La Plata and Archuleta Counties for capital improvements and fleet operations. Approximately 74% of this fund balance is unassigned, therefore available for spending at SJBHD's discretion. The remaining portion of the fund balance is either reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending as it has already been committed to pay debt service and fund capital improvements, or assigned to cover the costs of insurance claims.

The increase in fund balance resulted from less than anticipated personnel expenses due to unfilled key positions.

Analysis of Significant Budget Variances

Historically, SJBHD has had to adapt to meet the changing community needs. Demands for service and variations in revenue from fees, grants and contracts, is a constant challenge. Utilizing State and County Public Health support funds SJBHD has been able to assure continuation of essential programs. SJBHD is legally mandated by the State of Colorado to provide certain services that are not necessarily funded. Budget variances to revenue were due largely to the award of the 'Connect for Health" grant midyear and one time funds from Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) for a tobacco prevention and cessation media campaign. Budget variances to the decrease in expenses were due largely to unspent capital improvement funds and unfilled administrative positions.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2013, SJBHD had \$1,548,600 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as detailed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Debt

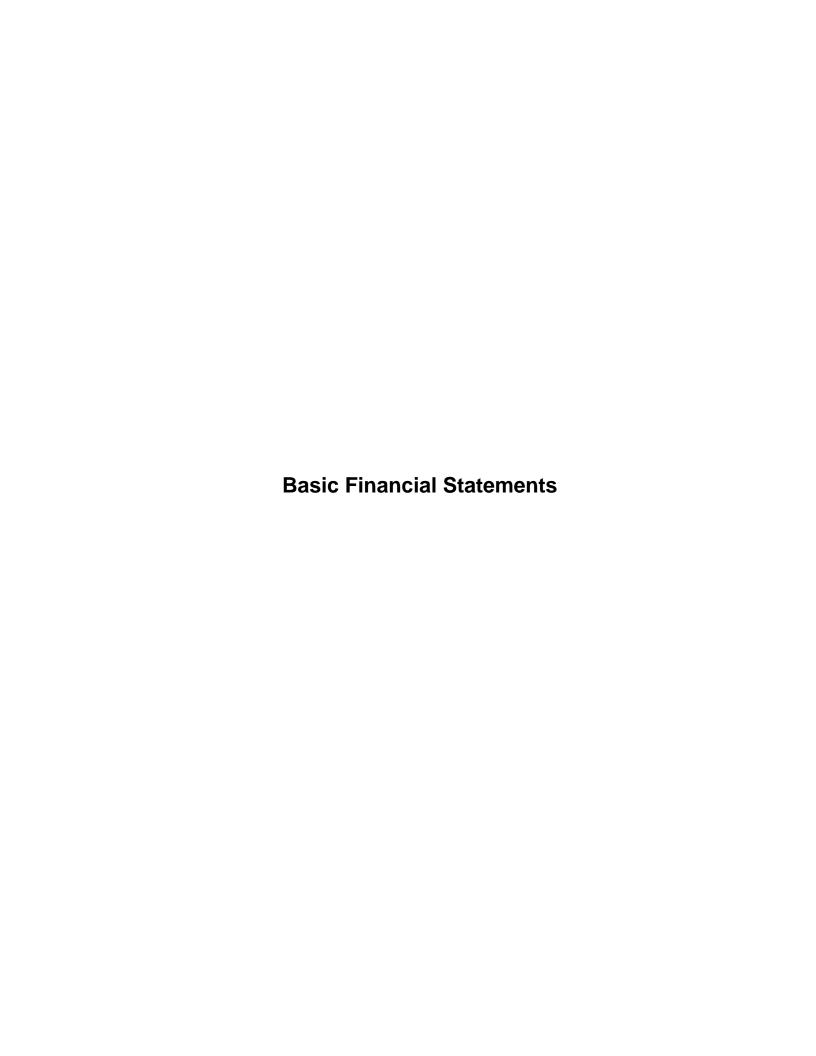
At December 31, 2013, SJBHD had \$103,400 in lease obligations outstanding.

Economic Factors

SJBHD is continually adapting to the dynamic economic landscape. State and county funding has remained consistent with 2012, while the cost of providing community services has increased. The financial statements have been prepared using values and information currently available to SJBHD.

Contacting SJBHD's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of SJBHD's finances and to show SJBHD's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report and requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Administration Services Director at 281 Sawyer Drive, Durango, Colorado 81303.



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2013

Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 729,316
Accounts receivable	701,518
Other current assets	38,506
Restricted cash	168,528
Total current assets	1,637,868
Capital Assets, Net	1,548,600
Total assets	3,186,468
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	100,574
Accrued payroll and other	411,589
Unearned revenue	60,093
Current portion of lease obligation	103,400
Total current liabilities	675,656
Long-term Lease Obligations	_
Total liabilities	675,656
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,445,200
Restricted debt service	51,700
Restricted	115,974
Unrestricted	898,018
Total net position	\$ 2,510,892

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

			Program Revenues	S	Re	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Assets
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contracts, Grants and Contributions	Capital Contracts, Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities
Governmental activities: Public health	4,583,474	1,058,658	3,857,787	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	332,971
	General revenues: Interest					918
	Miscellaneous					48,301
	Total general revenue	es				49,219
	Change in net position	n				382,190
	Net position - beginn	ing of year				2,128,702
	Net position - end of	year			\$	2,510,892

Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Reconciliation of Fund Balances to Net Position December 31, 2013

Assets		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	729,316
Accounts receivable		701,518
Other current assets		38,586
Restricted cash		168,528
Total assets	\$	1,637,948
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	100,574
Accrued payroll and other		269,427
Unearned revenue		60,093
Total liabilities		430,094
Fund Equity		
Nonspendable - Prepaid expenses		18,874
Restricted for debt service		51,700
Restricted		115,974
Assigned - Insurance claims		116,828
Unassigned		904,478
Total fund equity	_	1,207,854
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	1,637,948
Total governmental fund equity per above	\$	1,207,854
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, not reported in the fund balance sheet. In the statement of net assets the cost of these assets are capitalized and expensed over their estimated useful lives through annual depreciation		1,548,600
Liabilities, including lease obligations and compensated absences are not payable out of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund balance sheet.		
Lease obligations		(103,400)
Compensated absences	_	(142,162)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	2,510,892

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Governmental Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 1,058,658
Intergovernmental	3,396,011
Grants	241,452
Interest income	918
Other	268,625
Total revenues	4,965,664
Expenditures	
Current	
Salaries and benefits	3,067,631
Travel	104,484
Contract Services	440,261
Operating	876,931
Other	26,360
Capital outlay	7,167
Debt service	
Principal	103,755
Interest and financing fees	273
Total expenditures	4,626,862
Net change in fund balance	338,802
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	869,052
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,207,854

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance—governmental fund	\$ 338,802
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	
Capital outlay	7,167
Depreciation expense	(78,786)
Repayment of general obligation debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
	103,755
Compensated absences in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental fund.	
Liability at December 31, 2013	142,162
Liability at December 31, 2012	 153,414
Change in liability	11,252
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 382,190

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2013

1. Nature of Operations

San Juan Basin Health Department (SJBHD) is a Colorado district health department serving La Plata and Archuleta Counties, as well as contracting to serve other surrounding counties. The governing board (the Board of Health) of SJBHD is made up of one representative County Commissioner from each member county and five non-elected members (three from La Plata County and two from Archuleta County).

The Colorado Public Health Act of 2008, C.R.S. 25-1-501 et seq., is the statutory guidance for SJBHD. Effective July 1, 2009, the law established minimum qualifications for directors, core public health services, minimum quality standards for public health and a funding formula for allocating moneys to SJBHD.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of SJBHD have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The financial statements of SJBHD consist only of the single governmental fund of SJBHD. SJBHD has no financial accountability for any other governmental entity. Financial accountability includes appointment of SJBHD's governing body, imposition of will and fiscal dependency. SJBHD's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available for both exchange and nonexchange transactions. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, SJBHD considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which SJBHD receives value without directly giving value in return, include grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants, certain contracts and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource is required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which SJBHD must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to SJBHD on a reimbursement basis.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) report information for SJBHD as a whole. Individual funds are not displayed, but the statements are designed to distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by grants and charges for services, from business-type activities. SJBHD does not report any business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental activities of SJBHD as of year-end.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. SJBHD reports only one function, which is public health.

Program revenues include:

- Charges for Service
- Operating Contracts, Grants and Contributions
- Capital Contracts, Grants and Contributions

These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to certain program uses.

Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of SJBHD. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which the governmental function of public health if self-financing or draws from the general revenues of SJBHD.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Accounting

SJBHD uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. SJBHD only uses governmental funds and has only one such fund, the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources of funds and uses the balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

SJBHD reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources of SJBHD. The general fund balance is available to SJBHD for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Colorado and the bylaws of SJBHD.

Fund Equity

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provision, or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- Assigned fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the
 government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor
 committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific
 purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed
 or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.
- *Unassigned fund balance* The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is SJBHD's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through the enabling legislation adopted by SJBHD or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net positions are reported as unrestricted.

SJBHD applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

SJBHD considers all liquid investments with original maturities of one year or less to be cash equivalents.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future periods are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method, by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure or expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reserved as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or fair value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. SJBHD has set a capitalization threshold at \$5,000. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The following estimated useful lives are being used by SJBHD:

Buildings 40 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 to 15 years
Vehicles 1 to 5 years

Compensated Absences

SJBHD policies permit most employees to accumulate a total of 15 to 30 days of vacation and 12 days of sick leave benefits per year. Vacation may be realized as paid time off or, at time of separation of service, as a cash payment. A maximum of 40 days of vacation may be accumulated by each employee.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level when due.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of these funds. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Revenues are deferred for grants, contracts and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met (e.g., cash advances).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Health is required to follow these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- In accordance with State Statute §29-1-105, C.R.S, prior to September 20, the SJBHD Executive Director submits to the Board of Health a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with estimates for the current year and actual data for the two preceding years. The State Statutes require more detailed line item budgets to be submitted in summary form. In addition, more detailed line item budgets are included for administration control. The level of control for the detailed budgets is at the department head or function level.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General Fund.
- Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.
- The Board of Health may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.

Colorado State Constitution Article X, Section 20

SJBHD has concluded that the revenue, spending and debt limitations imposed by Colorado State Constitution Article X, Section 20 (Amendment 1, the `TABOR' amendment) do not apply to them. This conclusion was primarily based on the fact that SJBHD operates as an enterprise. In its deliberations, the Board of Health and management took under consideration a legal opinion drawing the same conclusion.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2012, SJBHD implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" (GASB No. 63). The primary impact on the financial statements was to change the terminology previously used of "net assets" to "net position" throughout the financial statements and related notes.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The District also adopted GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities," as of January 1, 2013. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets or liabilities. There was no impact to the District's financial statements as a result of this new pronouncement.

3. Cash and Investments

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At various times, some or all of SJBHD's bank balances may exceed the FDIC insured limits.

Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. SJBHD's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado State Senate Bill 194 requires the County Treasurer of the most populous county to serve as the public health agency's treasurer. Further, C.R.S 25-1-511 mandates that the County Treasurer create a district public health agency fund, segregating public health agency's funds from the county coffers.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

3. Cash and Investments (continued)

The carrying values of deposits in the amount of \$897,844 are shown in the following captions in the statement of net position:

	Carrying Value	Bank Value		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 729,316	\$ 759,713		
Restricted cash	168,528	178,803		
	<u>\$ 897,844</u>	\$ 938,516		

4. Capital Assets

An analysis of the changes in net capital asset during 2013 follows:

	Balance December 31,			Balance December 31,
	2012	Additions	Disposals	2013
Capital assets				
Land	\$ 224,627	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 224,627
Buildings	2,015,260	7,167	-	2,022,427
Furniture and equipment	179,179	-	-	179,179
Vehicles	98,349			98,349
Total capital assets	2,517,415	7,167		2,524,582
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	708,985	58,648	-	767,633
Furniture and equipment	89,862	20,137	-	109,999
Vehicles	98,350			98,350
Total accumulated depreciation	897,197	78,785		975,982
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,620,218	\$ (71,618)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,548,600

Depreciation expense was \$78,785 for the year ending December 31, 2013 and was charged to governmental activities.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

5. Lease Obligation

The following is an analysis of changes in SJBHD's long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2013:

Balance December 31,			Balance December 31,	Due Within	
	2012	Additions	Reductions	2013	One Year
Lease obligation	<u>\$ 207,155</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 103,755</u>	<u>\$ 103,400</u>	<u>\$ 103,400</u>

The 2013 payment was made in January 2014. This lease obligation is payable in annual installments which vary each year through maturity in the year 2014. The annual interest rate is variable based on the Wells Fargo weekly published interest rate. The rate was 2.41% at December 31, 2013, and includes an additional 1.00% fixed financing fee. Interest and financing fees for 2013 were \$273. The obligation is secured by land and building.

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments under the lease obligation as of December 31, 2013:

	Tota	al to be Paid	Principal	I	nterest
2014		105,373	 103,400		1,974
	\$	105,373	\$ 103,400	\$	1,974

The cost basis of the building is \$1,570,426, exclusive of the basis in land of \$224,627 and various improvements. The accumulated depreciation related to the building and related improvements was \$767,633 at December 31, 2013.

See Note 9 for discussion of contingent liability associated with this debt.

6. Group Health Insurance

SJBHD partially self-insures the cost of employee health care benefits. Stop-loss coverage has been purchased for all claims in excess of \$20,000 per covered individual per plan year. Liabilities on the statement of net position include an accrual for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claims liabilities are re-evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. The claims liability outstanding at December 31, 2013 was \$33,650 and is included in accrued payroll and other on the statement of net position and in the balance sheet. Restricted cash reflected in the accompanying statement of net position and balance sheet at December 31, 2013 includes \$116,828 representing SJBHD's balance in the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

7. Defined Contribution Plans

SJBHD provides pension benefits for most of its regular employees, full and part-time employees with at least twenty hours a week, through an agent multi-employer public retirement system, the Colorado County Officials and Employee Retirement Association (CCOERA), a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Qualifying employees are required to participate upon completion of one year of employment.

SJBHD has established that employees, upon completion of one year of employment, contribute 5% of the employee's base earnings each month in a 401(a) Plan. SJBHD's matching contributions for each employee and interest allocated to the employee's account are fully vested after five years of continuous plan participation. Contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before six years of service are used to reduce current contribution requirements. Ten year historical trend information about the plan is available in a separately issued financial report.

SJBHD and the covered employees made the required 5% contribution, amounting to \$89,856 from SJBHD and \$89,856 from employees.

8. Risk Management

SJBHD is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which SJBHD carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage for the current year or the past three years. In addition, SJBHD is covered by the Colorado Government Immunity Act (C.R.S. 24-10-101 et seq.) This law often protects the state and its political subdivisions from suit for injury suffered by private persons.

9. Building Acquisition and Related Debt

During 1995, SJBHD and two non-profit corporations (the Corporations) undertook the construction of an office building for their own use. Since the Corporations could not issue public bonds, SJBHD's ability to incur long--term debt is limited by state statute, the City of Durango, Colorado agreed to issue revenue bonds and loan the full amount of the bond proceeds to the Corporations to facilitate the project. The Corporations and SJBHD then entered into a separate agreement regarding the building and repayment of the debt. Payments on the bonded debt are made directly to the bond paying agent by the Corporations and SJBHD. The City of Durango is not involved in any debt repayment transactions.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

9. Building Acquisition and Related Debt (continued)

In December 2002, SJBHD and the Corporations entered into an advance refunding transaction to take advantage of lower interest rates. Again, the City of Durango facilitated this transaction. The refunding decreased the old debt and funded the cost of construction of an addition to the building. The bond paying agent used the net proceeds of the new bonds to purchase U.S. Government securities to provide for all future debt service on the refunded bonds.

The substance of the agreement between the Corporations and SJBHD is that each entity is responsible for its pro-rata share of the debt incurred based on square footage occupied and that each entity will own their pro-rata share of the building when the debt is satisfied.

SJBHD recorded the investment as follows:

	Cost		Lease		
	Basis			Obligation	
Original allocation of land and building, 1995	\$	847,342	\$	859,250	
Adjustment for re-measure		81,586		27,697	
Adjusted original basis		928,928		886,947	
Reallocation and additions		52,810		29,082	
Debt retirements, as scheduled, 1995-2002		-		(242,636)	
Advance refunding, 2002		-		(673,393)	
Additions, 2002		588,688		1,080,443	
Debt retirements, as scheduled, 2003-2012				(977,043)	
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$	1,570,426	\$	103,400	

Should any of the parties default or otherwise fail to pay their pro-rata share, the other parties will be liable for the full amount of the periodic debt payment. SJBHD, along with the Corporations, is required to maintain an irrevocable letter of credit in the amount of \$279,248 as of December 31, 2013. The letter of credit cannot be extended past December 31, 2014, the last payment date.

Restricted cash in the accompanying statement of net position and balance sheet at December 31, 2013, includes \$51,700 representing SJBHD's share of the reserve required to be held by the Trustee on behalf of the bond holders.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2013

10. Significant Estimates and Concentrations

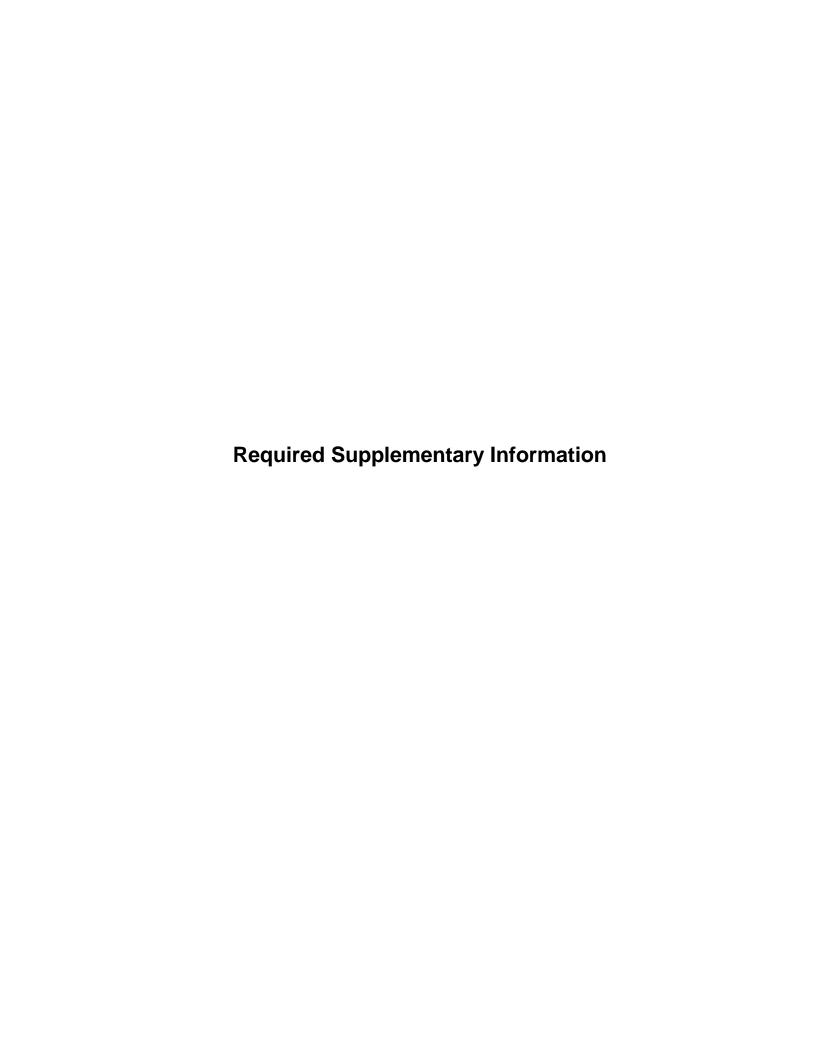
Some of SJBHD's patients are covered by government sponsored Medicare or Medicaid programs. The effect of the current economic conditions on government budgets may have an adverse effect on the cash flow from these programs. Further, current economic conditions have made it difficult for certain of our patients to pay for services rendered. As employers make adjustments to health insurance plans, services provided to self-pay and other payers may significantly impact SJBHD's future operating results.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Approximately 46% of net total revenue was derived under federal and state third-party reimbursement programs. These revenues are based, in part, on cost reimbursement principles and are subject to audit and retroactive adjustment by the representative third-party fiscal intermediaries.

11. Subsequent Events

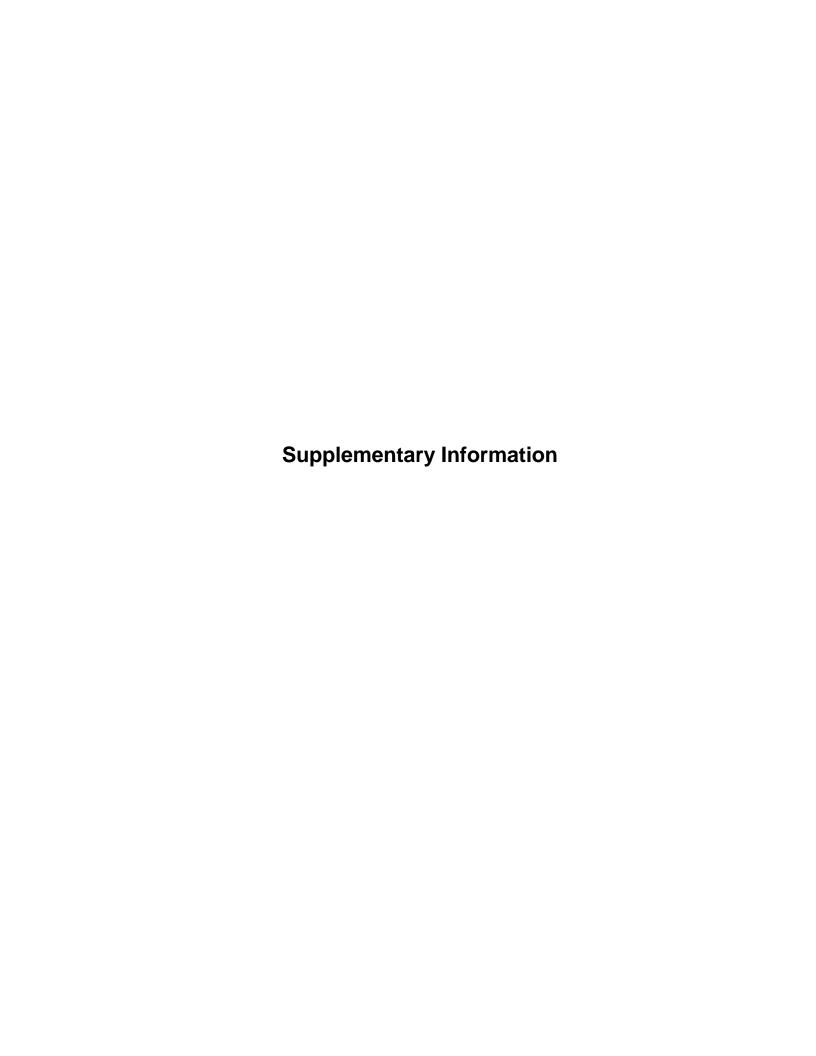
San Juan Basin Health Department has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after December 31, 2013 through July 24, 2014, the date at which the financial statements were available to be issued. During this period, SJBHD was not aware of any material recognizable subsequent events.



Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—Actual and Budget Governmental Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$1,124,933	\$1,124,933	\$1,058,658	\$ (66,275)
Intergovernmental	3,433,395	3,433,395	3,396,011	(37,384)
Grants	49,111	49,111	241,452	192,341
Interest income	-	-	918	918
Other	148,160	148,160	268,625	120,465
Total revenues	4,755,599	4,755,599	4,965,664	210,065
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries and benefits	3,247,247	3,247,247	3,067,631	179,616
Travel	138,908	138,908	104,484	34,424
Contract Services	455,988	455,988	440,261	15,727
Operating	697,259	697,259	876,931	(179,672)
Other	30,000	30,000	26,360	3,640
Capital outlay	80,976	80,976	7,167	73,809
Debt service				
Principal	103,755	103,755	103,755	-
Interest and financing fees	1,466	1,466	273	1,193
Total expenditures	4,755,599	4,755,599	4,626,862	128,737
Net change in Fund Balance			\$ 338,802	

Actual expenditures are not to exceed the approved budget. Expenditures for 2013 were less than the final budget by \$128,737



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Federal Agency/Pass-through Entity/Cluster/Program	CFDA Number	Grant or Identifying Number	Amount
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Drug-Free Communities Support Program	93.276	1H79SP018687-01	\$ 147,215
Pass Through: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment			
Prevention and Public Health Fund (Affordable Care Act) - Capacity Building Assistance to Strengthen Public Health Immunization Infrastructure and Performance	93.539	IMM-KL2-HHS	2,500
Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) and Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP)			,
aligned Cooperative Agreements	93.074	EPR-HW4-HHS	38,058
Oral Health Workforce Activities	93.236	PPG-GE3-HHS PPG-GE4-HHS	50,796
Immunization Grants	93.268	IMM-KA3-HHS IMM-KT3-HHS	36,058
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	MCH-MC3-HHS	36,485
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	EPR-HW3-HHS EPR-HW4-HHS	156,383
Family Planning Services	93.217	FPP-JA3-HHS	122,225
Subtotal Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment			442,505
Pass Through: Colorado Department of Health Care Policy & Financing			
Children's Health Insurance	93.767		4,098
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		231,547
Subtotal Colorado Department of Health Care Policy & Financing & Med	dicaid Cluster		235,645
Pass Through: Colorado Department of Human Services			
Single Entry Point	N/A	13SEPHB1146 14SEPHB1146	7,967

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Federal Agency/Pass-through Entity/Cluster/Program	CFDA Number	Grant or Identifying Number	Amount
Pass Through: Colorado Office of Behavioral Health			
Prevention and Treatment of		ADA12B1COSAP	
Substance Abuse	93.959	ADA13B1COSAP	138,299
Pass Through: National Association of County and City Health Officials			
Food and Drug Administration			
Research	93.103	2013-020409	10,000
Total US Department of Health and Human Services			981,631
U.S. Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition			
Pass Through: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment			
Special Supplemental Nutrition		WIC-AB3-DOA	
Program for Women, Infants and		WIC-AL3-DOA	
Children	10.557	WIC-AL4-DOA	228,412
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,210,043

San Juan Basin Health Department Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Notes to the Schedule

- This schedule includes the federal awards activity of San Juan Basin Health Department and is presented on the
 accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirement of
 OMB Circular AA-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some
 amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic
 financial statements.
- 2. Certain federal assistance programs do not involve cash awards to the Department. The State of Colorado has arranged with the District to perform the intake function for the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children. These value of these noncash vouchers which are redeemed by the state to the participants are made up of the following:

Federal Agency/Pass-through Entity/Cluster/Program	CFDA Number	Grant or Identifying Number	Amount
U.S. Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition - Colorado			
Department of Public Health and Environment Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children	10.557	Value of food vouchers issued	\$ 564,564
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment			
Preventive Health Services - Sexually Transmitted Diseases	93.977	Value of tests performed	5,250
Total noncash award			\$ 569,814

3. Of the federal expenditures presented in this schedule, the Department provided no federal awards to sub-recipients.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Health San Juan Basin Health Department Durango, Colorado

We have audited the financial statements of San Juan Basin Health Department as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and have issued our report thereon July 24, 2014. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered San Juan Basin Health Department's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Juan Basin Health Department's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Juan Basin Health Department's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the San Juan Basin Health Department's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether San Juan Basin Health Department's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of it's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance and other matters. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering San Juan Basin Health Department's internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Littleton, Colorado

Hayrie & Co

July 24, 2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Health San Juan Basin Health Department Durango, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited San Juan Basin Health Department's compliance with the 14 types of compliance requirements described in the *Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133*, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations Compliance Supplement (OMB Circular A-133*) applicable to San Juan Basin Health Department's major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Management's Responsibility for Compliance

Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of San Juan Basin Health Department's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on San Juan Basin Health Department's compliance based on our audit. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *OMB Circular A-133*. Those standards and *OMB Circular A-133* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about San Juan Basin Health Department's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of San Juan Basin Health Department's compliance with those requirements.



1785 West Printers Row

Opinion

In our opinion, San Juan Basin Health Department complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures also disclosed immaterial instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above that are required to be communicated to management in accordance with the *Consolidated Audit Guide for Audits of HUD Programs (The Guide)*, issued by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Inspector General, and which have been communicated in a separate letter dated July 24, 2014. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of San Juan Basin Health Department is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered San Juan Basin Health Department's internal control over compliance to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Juan Basin Health Department's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of *Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Littleton, Colorado

Hayrie & Co

July 24, 2014

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the Year Ended December 31, 2013

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	The opinion expressed in the independent certific ☐ Unmodified ☐ Modified ☐ Adverse	-		s report was:	
2.	reporting described:	s' report o	on internal	l control over	r financial
	Significant deficiency(ies)?	_	-	—	
		L	□ Yes	☑ No	
	Material Weakness(es)?	[□ Yes	☑ No	
3.	Noncompliance considered material to the finan	cial statem	ents was di	isclosed by the	audit?
		[□ Yes	☑ No	
4.	The independent certified public accountant's report on internal control over compliance wire requirements applicable to major federal awards programs described:				liance with
	Significant deficiency(ies)?				
			□ Yes	☑ No	
	Material Weakness(es)?	-	-		
		L	□ Yes	☑ No	
5.	The opinion expressed in the independent certi with requirements applicable to major federal av	-	accountan	nt's report on o	compliance
	☑ Unmodified ☐ Modified ☐ Adverse	e 🛘 Disc	laimed		
6.	5. The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by OMB Circular A-133?				
		•	□ Yes	☑ No	
7.	SJBHDs major programs were:				
	Cluster/Program			CFDA N	lumber
•	Medical Assistance Program			93.778	
	Public Health Emergency Preparedness			93.069	
8.	The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as those terms are defined in OMB Circular A-133 was \$300,000.			e terms are	
9.	SJBHD qualified as low-risk auditee as that term	n is defined	l in OMB (Circular A-133	?
	-		☑ Yes	□ No	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

Reference		Questioned
Number	Finding	Costs

None reported.